## Dixons Marchbank Primary School

Long Term Plan (Year 2)

Year Nursery 2022 2023

	Autumn Term		Spring Term		Summer Term				
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
Overall theme/or	All About Me	Bears	Transport	Jungle Animals	Mini-Beasts	Growing			
chosen text OR	(Owl Babies)	(Goldilocks and the	(The Train Ride)	(Dear Zoo)	(The Very Hungry	(Jasper's Beanstalk)			
genre		Three Bears)			Caterpillar)				
CHARACTERISTICS OF EFFECTIVE LEARNING		Playing and exploring: Children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'. Children who actively participate in their own play develop a larger store of information and experiences to draw on which positively supports their learning							
		Active learning: Children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties. They are proud of their own achievements. For children to develop into self-regulating, lifelong learners they are required to take ownership, accept challenges and learn persistence.							
Creating and thinking critically: Children develop their own ideas and make links between these ideas. They think flexibly and rationally, drawing on previous experiences problems and reach conclusions.						which help them to solve			
OVER ARCHING PRINCIPLES	Unique Child - Every child is unique and has the potential to be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured.  Positive Relationships - Children flourish with warm, strong & positive partnerships between all staff and parents/carers. This promotes independence across the EYFS curriculum. Children and practitioners are NOT alone – embrace each community.								
	<b>Enabling environments -</b> Children learn and develop well in safe and secure environments where routines are established and where adults respond to their individual needs and passions and help them to build upon their learning over time.								
	Learning and Development - Children develop and learn at different rates. We must be aware of children who need greater support than others.					others.			
	<b>PLAY -</b> We understand that play is an integral part of learning and this is at the heart of our early years' curriculum. We believe that the correct mix of adult directed and uninterrupted child-initiated play ensures the best outcomes for pupils. Warm and positive relationships between staff and children, consistent routines and strong relationships with parents are key. We recognise the crucial role that early year's education has to play in providing firm foundations upon which the rest of a child's education is successfully based.								
		Daily Li	teracy Carpet Time	Focussed activities	per day				
			ery rhymes daily and	maths taught daily wi					
PRIME AREAS PSED= Personal, Social and emotional Development	Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them.	Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'. Understand gradually how others might be feeling.	Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting. Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community	Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas. Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. Show more confidence in new social situations	Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important. Remember rules without Needing.	Develop appropriate ways of being assertive. Talk with others to solve conflicts. Transition and changes. Visits to Reception			

PRIME AREAS PD= physical development	Match their developing ph activities in the setting. For whether to crawl, walk of depending on its length develop their movement, but trikes and bikes) and ball stairs, or climb up appara	or example, they decide or run across a plank, and width. Continue to alancing, riding (scooters, skills. Go up steps and	Start taking part in some g make up for themselves, of able to use and remember of movements which are re- rhythm. Skip, hop, stand of for a game like musical star movements to wave flags make marks.	or in teams. Increasingly be a sequences and patterns elated to music and none leg and hold a pose atues. Use large-muscle	Can copy some letters from their name. Dresses with help, e.g. puts arms into open-fronted coat or shirt when held up, pull trousers, and pulls zipper once fastened at the bottom. Can throw and catch a ball confidently. Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good control.	
PRIME AREAS C& L= Communication and Language	Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens. Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult. Use a wider range of vocabulary. Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as: "Get your coat and wait at the door".		Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" Sing a large repertoire of songs. Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story. Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions. Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns. Use talk to organise themselves and their play:		Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'.  Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying:-some sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh-multi-syllabic words such as 'pterodactyl', planetarium' or 'hippopotamus'.	
Specific areas Literacy	Understand the five key concepts about print:		Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:  o -spot and suggest rhymes o -count or clap syllables in a word. o -recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother.  Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.		Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy. Write some or all of their name. Write some letters accurately.	
Specific areas Mathematics	Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising'). Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.	Recite numbers past 5. Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5. Understand position through words alone –for example, "The bag is under the table," – with no pointing. Describe a familiar route. Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.	Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle'). Show 'finger numbers' up to 5. Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5.	Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc. Combine shapes to make new ones -an arch, a bigger triangle etc	Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'. Talk about and identify the patterns around them. For example: stripes on fish. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc. Extend and create ABAB patterns – stick, leaf, stick, leaf. Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then'	Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity. Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'.

Specific areas	Senses Begin to make	Use all their senses in	Explore how things work:	Show interest in different	Explore and talk about	Plant seeds and care for
Understanding the	sense of their own life-	hands on exploration of	Transport. Wind-up	occupations. Invite a vet	different forces they can	growing plants.
World	story and family's	natural materials.	toys/old and new	to talk about their job.	feel.	Understand the key
	history. Ask children to bring	Explore collections of	(History link) Continue developing positive	Know that there are different countries in the	Suggestions: -how the	features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal.
	pictures of themselves	materials with similar	attitudes about the	world and talk about the	water pushes up when	Begin to understand the
	and families. Talk about	and/or different	differences between	differences they have	they try to push a plastic	need to respect and care
	family and memories of	properties. Talk about	people. (Celebrations)	experienced or seen in	boat under it -how they	for the natural
	what their parents have	what they see, using a		photos.	can stretch elastic, snap	environment and all
	told them.	wide vocabulary. Provide			a twig, but can't bend a	living things
		interesting natural			metal rod-magnetic	
		environments for			attraction and repulsion	
		children Show interest in				
		different occupations.				
		Invite a police-officer or				
		a nurse to talk about				
		their jobs. Know that				
		there are different				
		countries in the world				
		and talk about the				
		differences they have				
		experienced or seen in				
		photos. Explore how				
		things work: Transport.				
		Wind-up toys/old and				
		new (History link)				
		Continue developing				
		positive attitudes about				
		the differences between				
		people.				
		(Celebrations)Plant				
		seeds and care for				
		growing plants.				
		Understand the key				
		features of the life cycle				
		of a plant and an animal.				
		Begin to understand the				
		need to respect and care				
		for the natural				
		environment and all				
		living things. Explore and				
		talk about different				
		forces they can feel.				
	]	Suggestions: -how the				

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		water pushes up when				
		they try to push a plastic boat under it -how they				
		can stretch elastic, snap				
		a twig, but can't bend a				
		•				
		metal rod-magnetic				
		attraction and repulsion				
		to explore freely				
		outdoors. Make				
		collections of natural				
		materials to investigate				
		and talk about.				
		Suggestions: -				
		contrasting pieces of				
		bark-different types of				
		leaves and seeds-				
		different types of rocks-				
		different shells and				
		pebbles from the beach.				
		Provide equipment to				
		support these				
		investigations.				
		Suggestions: magnifying				
		glasses or a tablet with a				
		magnifying app.				
Specific areas	I Take part in simple	Begin to develop	Explore different	Create closed shapes	Remember and sing entir	e songs. Create their own
Expressive Arts and	pretend play, using an	complex stories using	materials freely, in order	with continuous lines,		ng around one they know.
•	object to represent	small world equipment	to develop their ideas	and begin to use these	Sing slowly, so that childr	en clearly hear the words
Design	something else even	like animal sets, dolls	about how to use them	shapes to represent	and the melody of the so	
	though they are not	and dolls houses etc.	and what to make.	objects. Draw with		ay pitch-match more easily
	similar. Listen with	Make imaginative and	Develop their own ideas	increasing complexity		one-syllable sounds such
	increased attention to sounds. Respond to	complex 'small worlds' with blocks and	and then decide which materials to use to	and detail, such as representing a face with	as 'ba'. Clap or tap to the	ith increasing control to
	what they have heard,	construction kits, such	express them. Join	a circle and including	express their feelings and	
	expressing their thoughts	as a city with different	different materials and	details. Use drawing to	to do this.(mu	
	and feelings.	buildings and a park	explore different	represent ideas like		,
	-		textures.	movement or loud		
				noises. Show different		
				emotions in their		
				drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness,		
				fear etc. Explore colour		
				and colour mixing. Show		
				different emotions in		
	-			their drawings –		
	-					

	_			happiness, sadness, fear etc		
Outdoor Provision Child initiated play	Maths, English, reading area, Water play, Mud Kitchen, sand area, physical, Construction, Music,, role-play, garden area.	Maths, English, reading area, Water play, Mud Kitchen, sand area, physical, Construction, Music,, role-play, garden area.	Maths, English, reading area, Water play, Mud Kitchen, sand area, physical, Construction, Music,, role-play, garden area.	Maths, English, reading area, Water play, Mud Kitchen, sand area, physical, Construction, Music,, role-play, garden area.	Maths, English, reading area, Water play, Mud Kitchen, sand area, physical, Construction, Music,, role-play, garden area.	Maths, English, reading area, Water play, Mud Kitchen, sand area, physical, Construction, Music,, role-play, garden area.
Enrichment - (Visits/Visitors)  Eid festival will be covered in the correct months.	Feeding ducks – Local park	urou.	Laisterdyke Library Visit Parent nurse visit	urou.	Zoo Lab	Tong Garden Centre
Assemblies	Topic related Stay and Play	Nativity Christmas Stay and Play Remembrance Sunday Halloween Bonfire	Topic related Stay and Play Valentine's Day	Mother's Day Assembly Topic related Stay and Play Shrove Tuesday Easter	Topic related Stay and Play	Nursery Graduation Planting Stay and Play Father's Day assembly Transitions Teddy bears picnic