









History of flight

Types of aircraft

		
Sea plane	Private jet	Passenger plane
		
Military plane	Helicopter	Rocket

Key vocabulary

glider		special kind of airplane that doesn't have an engine
inventor/pioneer pilot/aviator		someone who discovers something new a person who flies and aircraft
engine		machine that makes things move
passenger		a person who rides in a vehicle
technology		anything people make or use to help them do things more easily or more quickly. e.g. computer, mobile phone
fuel		what gives power to machines to help them move e.g. gas and oil
satellite		an object that goes around the earth. It gives us information about the earth from space. e.g. GPS (time and location) navigation and weather
navigation system		map that shows you where to go
armed forces		groups of people who work to keep a country safe
evolution		how something changes over time
altitude		how high an object is above the ground or sea
cargo		things which are carried from one place to another e.g. food, medicine and clothes

Timeline

The first flight in a hot-air balloon was in 1783.



A helicopter was first flown in 1907.



The Wright brothers first flew a powered aeroplane in 1903.



A person flew into space in a rocket for the first time in 1961.



Key people



The Wright brothers



Amelia Earhart



Mae Jemison

1490



A design made by Leonardo Da Vinci.

1783



Hot Air Balloon

1891 - 1896



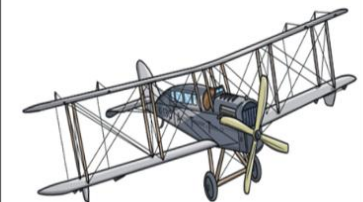
Glider

1903



Aircraft made by the Wright brothers.

1919



World first international passenger plane.